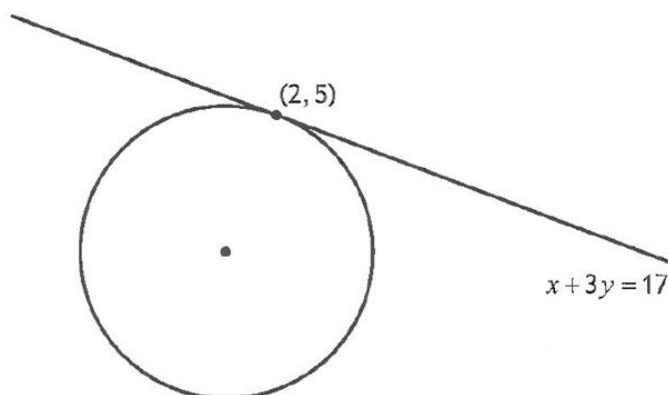


## SQA Past paper questions

## 2023 - Paper 2 - Question 15

The line  $x + 3y = 17$  is a tangent to a circle at the point  $(2, 5)$ .



The centre of the circle lies on the  $y$ -axis.

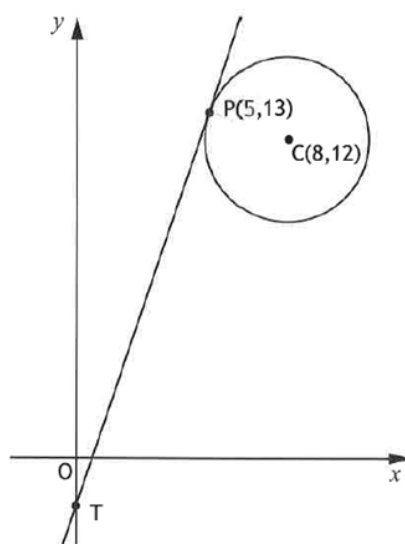
Find the coordinates of the centre of the circle. 4

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2019 - Paper 2 - Question 15

A circle has centre  $C(8, 12)$ .

The point  $P(5, 13)$  lies on the circle as shown.



- (a) Find the equation of the tangent at P. 3

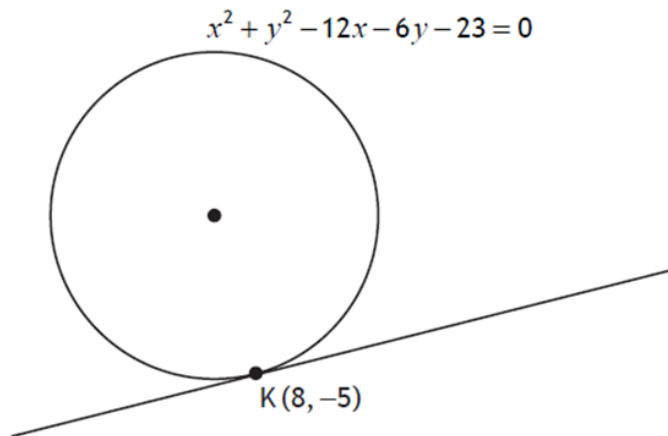
The tangent from P meets the  $y$ -axis at the point T.

- (b) (i) State the coordinates of T. 1  
 (ii) Find the equation of the circle that passes through the points C, P and T. 3

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2018 - Paper 1 - Question 4

The point  $K(8, -5)$  lies on the circle with equation  $x^2 + y^2 - 12x - 6y - 23 = 0$ .



Find the equation of the tangent to the circle at K. 4

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2017 - Paper 1 - Question 2

The point  $P(-2, 1)$  lies on the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 8x - 6y - 15 = 0$ .

Find the equation of the tangent to the circle at P. 4

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2015 - Paper 1 - Question 11

$T(-2, -5)$  lies on the circumference of the circle with equation

$$(x + 8)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 45.$$

(a) Find the equation of the tangent to the circle passing through T. 4

(b) This tangent is also a tangent to a parabola with equation  $y = -2x^2 + px + 1 - p$ , where  $p > 3$ .

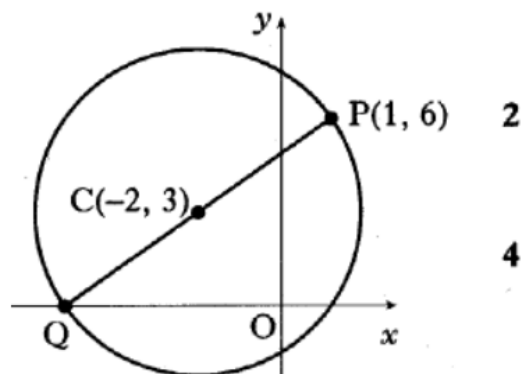
Determine the value of  $p$ . 6

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2006 - Paper 1 - Question 2

A circle has centre  $C(-2, 3)$  and passes through  $P(1, 6)$ .

- (a) Find the equation of the circle.
- (b)  $PQ$  is a diameter of the circle. Find the equation of the tangent to this circle at  $Q$ .

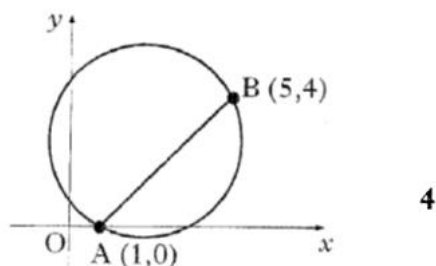


Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2005 - Paper 2 - Question 2

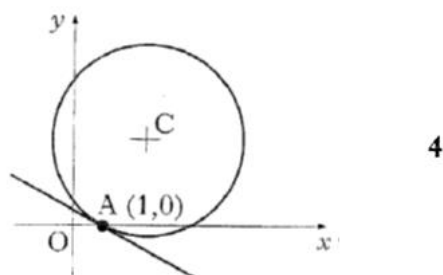
- (a) A chord joins the points  $A(1, 0)$  and  $B(5, 4)$  on the circle as shown in the diagram.

Show that the equation of the perpendicular bisector of chord  $AB$  is  $x + y = 5$ .



- (b) The point  $C$  is the centre of this circle. The tangent at the point  $A$  on the circle has equation  $x + 3y = 1$ .

Find the equation of the radius  $CA$ .



- (c) (i) Determine the coordinates of the point  $C$ .
- (ii) Find the equation of the circle.

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

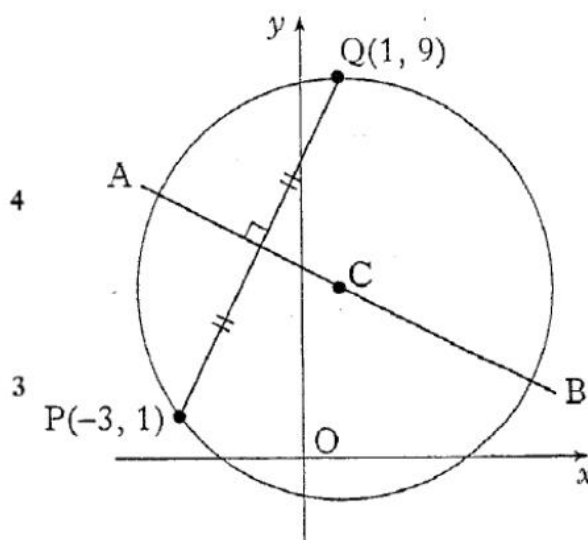
## 2002 - Paper 1 - Question 1

The point  $P(2, 3)$  lies on the circle  $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 13$ . Find the equation of the tangent at  $P$ .

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 2000 - Paper 2 - Question 2

- (a) Find the equation of AB, the perpendicular bisector of the line joining the points P(-3, 1) and Q(1, 9).
- (b) C is the centre of a circle passing through P and Q. Given that QC is parallel to the y-axis, determine the equation of the circle.
- (c) The tangents at P and Q intersect at T.
- Write down
- the equation of the tangent at Q
  - the coordinates of T.

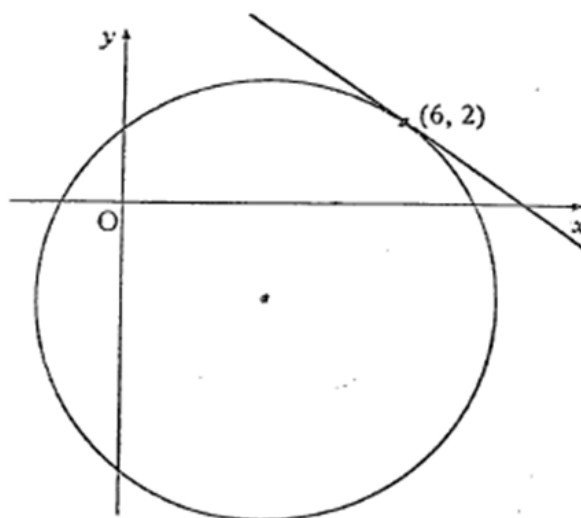


Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 1998 - Paper 1 - Question 4

The circle shown has equation  $(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 25$ .

Find the equation of the tangent at the point (6, 2).



(4)

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 1996 - Paper 1 - Question 20

The line  $y = -1$  is a tangent to a circle which passes through (0, 0) and (6, 0). Find the equation of this circle.

(6)

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 1996 - Paper 1 - Question 4

Find the equation of the tangent at the point (3, 4) on the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 4y - 15 = 0 \quad 4$$

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 1991 - Paper 1 - Question 8

Find the equation of the tangent at the point (3, 1) on the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y - 4 = 0 \quad 5$$

Click [here](#) for video solution. 

## 1988 - Paper 1 - Question 2

Find the equation of the tangent at the point (3, 1) on the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 - 3x + y - 16 = 0 \quad 4$$

Click [here](#) for video solution. 