






Name:	Date:
<p>Question 1:</p> <p>Show that <math>(x + 1)</math> is a factor of <math>f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 10x - 8</math> and hence factorise it fully.</p>	 7.1 Bronze Outcome 1
<p>Question 2:</p> <p>A function is given as <math>g(x) = \frac{5}{4x^2}</math>.</p> <p>Calculate <math>g'(-3)</math>.</p>	 6.2 Silver Outcome 2
<p>Question 3:</p> <p>Two functions are defined as <math>h(x) = 4x^2 + 1</math> and <math>k(x) = 3x + 2</math>.</p> <p>Calculate <math>h(k(-2))</math>.</p>	 3.2 Silver Outcome 2
<p>Question 4:</p> <p>A function is given by <math>h(x) = 4(x - 3)</math>.</p> <p>Find the inverse function <math>h^{-1}(x)</math>.</p>	 3.3 Outcome 1
<p>Question 5:</p> <p>For what values of <math>x</math> is the function <math>y = \frac{1}{3}x^3 - 3x^2 - 16x</math> decreasing?</p>	 6.4 Bronze Outcome 1
My score:	

# Exam Questions



## Question 1:

- (a) Find the equation of  $\ell_1$ , the perpendicular bisector of the line joining  $P(3, -3)$  to  $Q(-1, 9)$ . 4
- (b) Find the equation of  $\ell_2$  which is parallel to PQ and passes through  $R(1, -2)$ . 2
- (c) Find the point of intersection of  $\ell_1$  and  $\ell_2$ . 3

## Question 2:

A curve has equation  $y = x^4 - 2x^3 + 5$ .

Find the equation of the tangent to this curve at the point where  $x = 2$ . 4

## Question 3:

Line  $l_1$  has equation  $\sqrt{3}y - x = 0$ .

- (a) Line  $l_2$  is perpendicular to  $l_1$ .  
Find the gradient of  $l_2$ . 2
- (b) Calculate the angle  $l_2$  makes with the positive direction of the  $x$ -axis. 2

My score: