Name:	Date:
Question 1:	8.2 Bronze Outcome 1
Express $3x^2 - 30x + 1$ in the form $a(x+b)^2 + c$.	
Question 2:	9.4 Silver Outcome 2
The curve $y = x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 5$ intersects the line $y = 2x + 3$ at points (-4, -5), (-1, 1) and (2, 7).	y y r onver ourcome E
(-1, 1)	
Calculate the shaded area.	
Question 3:	14:1 Gold Outcome 3
Simplify the following logarithmic expression.	
$2\log_3 6 + \log_3 4$	
Question 4:	2 10.1 Silver Outcome 2
If x is an acute angle with $tan x = \frac{3}{5}$ find the exact value of $cos 2x$.	
Question 5:	13.2 Bronze Outcome 1
Calculate the following.	
$\int (5x+1)^3 dx$	
My score:	

Exam Questions

Question 1:

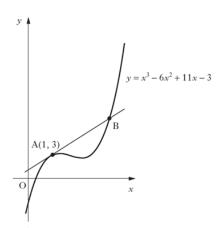
Find the x-coordinates of the stationary points on the curve with equation

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^4 - 2x^3 + 6$$
.

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Question 2:

- (a) Show that (x-1) is a factor of $x^3 6x^2 + 9x 4$ and hence factorise $x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x - 4$ fully.
- (b) The diagram shows the graph with equation $y = x^3 6x^2 + 11x 3$.



- (i) Find the equation of the tangent to the curve $y = x^3 6x^2 + 11x 3$ at the point A(1, 3).
- (ii) Hence find the coordinates of B, the point of intersection of this tangent with the curve.

$Question \ 3:$

Given that $y = 3\sin(x) + \cos(2x)$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

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My score: