



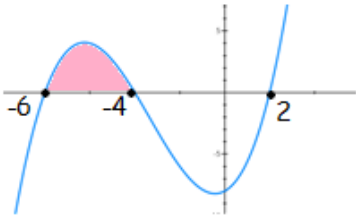




Name:	Date:
<p>Question 1:</p> <p>Show that the line $y = 1 - 4x$ does not intersect the parabola with equation $y = 2x^2 + x + 8$.</p>	 8.5 Gold Outcome 3
<p>Question 2:</p> <p>Express $5\sin x^\circ + \cos x^\circ$ in the form $k\sin(x - a)^\circ$ where $k > 0$ and $0 < a < 360$.</p> 	 15.1 Silver Outcome 2
<p>Question 3:</p> <p>Solve $2 - 5x - 3x^2 < 0$.</p>	 8.3 Gold Outcome 3
<p>Question 4:</p> <p>The curve $y = x^3 + 8x^2 + 4x - 48$ intersects the x-axis at points $(-6, 0)$, $(-4, 0)$ and $(2, 0)$.</p>  <p>$y = x^3 + 8x^2 + 4x - 48$</p> <p>Calculate the shaded area.</p>	 9.4 Bronze Outcome 1
<p>Question 5:</p> <p>If y is an acute angle with $\sin y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{15}}$ find the exact value of $\cos 2y$.</p>	 10.1 Silver Outcome 2
My score:	

Exam Questions



Question 1:

Find the equation of the tangent at the point (3, 4) on the circle

$$x^2 + y^2 + 2x - 4y - 15 = 0$$

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Question 2:

Find $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{(3x+1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$.

4

Question 3:

The amount A_t micrograms of a certain radioactive substance remaining after t years decreases according to the formula $A_t = A_0 e^{-0.002t}$, where A_0 is the amount present initially.



- (a) If 600 micrograms are left after 1000 years, how many micrograms were present initially?

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- (b) The half-life of a substance is the time taken for the amount to decrease to half of its initial amount.

What is the half-life of this substance?

4

My score: