



Outcome 1 - Integrating inverse trig functions

Worked Example:

Calculate $\int \frac{1}{36 + x^2} dx$

1. Use the formula sheet! $\frac{1}{(6)^2 + (x)^2}$

$$\int \frac{1}{36 + x^2} dx = \frac{1}{6} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{6} \right) + c$$

Advanced Higher Formula sheet 	
$f(x)$	$\int f(x) dx$
$\frac{1}{\sqrt{a^2 - x^2}}$	$\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$
$\frac{1}{a^2 + x^2}$	$\frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a} \right) + c$

Questions...

Calculate each of the following integrals.

1  $\int \frac{1}{16 + x^2} dx$

2  $\int \frac{1}{121 + x^2} dx$

3  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{9 - x^2}} dx$

4  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{100 - x^2}} dx$

5  $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{0.9 - x^2}} dx$

6  $\int \frac{1}{0.25 + x^2} dx$

Answers

1 $\frac{1}{4} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{4} \right) + c$

2 $\frac{1}{11} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{11} \right) + c$

3 $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{3} \right) + c$

4 $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{10} \right) + c$

5 $\sin^{-1} \left(\frac{\sqrt{10}x}{3} \right) + c$

6 $2 \tan^{-1}(2x) + c$