



Outcome 3: Parametric Differentiation

Calculating instantaneous speed

Worked Example:

The position of a projectile on a coordinate axis system at time, t seconds, is given by;

$$x = 30t - 5 \quad \text{and} \quad y = 40 - 3t^2.$$

Calculate the speed of the projectile, in metres per second, after 2 seconds.

1. Differentiate both equations in terms of t

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 30 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -6t$$

2. Sub into the formula (using $t = 2$)

$$\begin{aligned} \text{speed} &= \sqrt{(30)^2 + (-12)^2} \\ &= \sqrt{900 + 144} \\ &= 32 \cdot 3 \text{ m/sec} \end{aligned}$$

Key Facts/Formulae:



Some graphs are drawn with different equations for the x and y coordinates.

These are called parametric equations.

The x and y coordinates are connected by an independent variable - often t .

The first derivative

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dt} \div \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)$$

$$= \left[\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) \right] \times \frac{dt}{dx}$$

The second derivative

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \left[\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) \right] \times \frac{dt}{dx}$$

(For $x = f(t)$
and $y = g(t)$)

Instantaneous speed

$$\text{speed} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)^2}$$

Questions...

1. The position of a projectile on a coordinate axis system at time, t seconds, is given by;

$$x = 40t - 9 \quad \text{and} \quad y = 50 - 4t^2.$$

Calculate the speed of the projectile, in metres per second, after 5 seconds.



2. The position of a rocket on a coordinate axis system at time, t seconds, is given by;

$$x = t^3 \quad \text{and} \quad y = -12t.$$



Calculate the speed of the rocket, in metres per second, after 8 seconds.



3. The position of a tennis ball on a coordinate axis system at time, t seconds, is given by;

$$x = t^2 \quad \text{and} \quad y = 2t^3.$$



Calculate the speed of the tennis ball, in centimetres per second, after 2 seconds.



4. The position of a projectile on a coordinate axis system at time, t seconds, is given by;

$$x = 2t + \frac{1}{2}t^2 \quad \text{and} \quad y = \frac{1}{3}t^3 - 3t.$$

Calculate the speed of the projectile, in metres per second, after 4 seconds.

Answers

1 $56 \cdot 6 \text{ m/sec}$

2 $192 \cdot 4 \text{ m/sec}$

3 $24 \cdot 3 \text{ cm/sec}$

4 $14 \cdot 3 \text{ m/sec}$